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A second monoclinic polymorph of 5,6diphenyl-3-(2-pyridyl)-1,2,4-triazine

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.117; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.5.

A second monoclinic polymorph of 5,6-diphenyl-3-(2-pyridyl)-1,2,4-triazine, $C_{20}H_{14}N_4$, is reported. The unit-cell dimensions and the orientation of the pyridine ring with respect to the triazine ring are different from those of the previously reported monoclinic form [Eltayeb, Teoh, Ng, Fun & Ibrahim (2007). *Acta Cryst.* E**63**, o1041–o1042]. In the crystal structure, intermolecular C–H···N interactions connect the molecules into chains along the *c* axis. The crystal packing is also stabilized by C–H··· π and π – π [centroid–centroid distance 3.5917 (9) Å] interactions. The crystal used was twinned and the ratio of the twin components refined to 0.726 (1)/0.274 (1).

Related literature

For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For biological activities and applications of triazines, see: Almog *et al.* (1996); Croot & Hunter (2000); Mashly *et al.* (1999); Soudi *et al.* (2005). For related structures, see: Eltayeb, Guan & Yamin (2006); Eltayeb *et al.* (2007); Eltayeb, Teoh, Teh *et al.* (2006).



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Experimental

Crystal data

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX II CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005) $T_{min} = 0.954, T_{max} = 0.987$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	218 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.117$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.06	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
4476 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.38 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

38187 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.040$

4476 independent reflections

4101 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C9-C14 phenyl ring.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C18-H18\cdots N1^i$	0.93	2.56	3.477 (2)	167
$C5-H5\cdots Cg1^{ii}$	0.93	2.63	3.522 (2)	160

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *APEX2*; data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 1998); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2003).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI2435).

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A second monoclinic polymorph of 5,6-diphenyl-3-(2-pyridyl)-1,2,4-triazine

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Comment

The 1,2,4-triazine compounds are well known natural products and show interesting biological, pharmacological and medicinal properties. The 3,5,6-trisubstituted-1,2,4-triazines are a principal class of N-donor heterocyclic ligands. Some can be active as blood platelet aggregation inhibitors and others exhibit antiviral activity, significant activity towards leukemia and ovarian cancer, and anti-HIV activity (Soudi *et al.*, 2005; Mashly *et al.*, 1999). Also 1,2,4-triazines have been used in analytical chemistry to determine the concentration of some trace metal ions (Almog *et al.*, 1996; Croot & Hunter 2000).

The crystal structure of the title compound was previously reported by Eltayeb *et al.* (2007) in the monoclinic space group $P2_1/c$, with with a = 11.5830 (3), b = 11.0381 (2), c = 11.9550 (3) Å, $\beta = 94.127$ (1)°, V = 1524.53 (6) Å³ and Z = 4. In the present work, the compound crystallized again in the monoclinic space group $P2_1/c$, but with different cell parameters. The crystal used is found be twinned.

Bond lengths and angles in the title compound show normal values (Allen *et al.*, 1987), and are comparable to those observed in the other monoclinic polymorph (Eltayeb *et al.*, 2007) and related structures (Eltayeb, Teoh, Teh *et al.*, 2006; Eltayeb, Guan & Yamin, 2006). The C9–C14 and C15—C20 phenyl rings are attached to the triazine ring at atoms C2 and C3, with torsion angles C3—C2—C9—C14 = 35.9 (2)° [33.36 (14)° in the other polymorph (Eltayeb *et al.*, 2007)] and N3—C3—C15—C20 = 56.18 (18)° [51.09 (12)° in Eltayeb *et al.*, 2007]. The triazine ring in the present structure is essentially planar, the maximum deviation from planarity is 0.035 (1) Å for atom C3. The pyridine, C9–C14 and C15–C20 rings form dihedral angles of 7.69 (7)°, 34.41 (7)° and 57.39 (7)°, respectively, with the triazine ring. In the present structure atom N4 of the pyridine ring and N1 of the triazine ring are *cis* with respect to the C1—C4 bond [N1—C1—C4—N4 = 9.06 (19)°] while in the other monoclinic polymorph (Eltayeb *et al.*, 2007), the N4 and N3 atoms are *cis* with respect to the C1—C4 bond [N3—C1—C4—N4 = -1.04 (13)°].

In the crystal, the molecules are linked into chains along the *c* axis by C18—H18A···N1 hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2 and Table 1). In addition, C—H··· π interactions (Table 1) involving the C9–C14 phenyl ring (centroid *Cg*1), and π - π stacking interactions involving the triazine ring (centroid *Cg*2) at (*x*, *y*, *z*) and the pyridine ring (centroid *Cg*3) at (*x* + 1, *y*,*z*) [*Cg*2···*Cg*3 = 3.5917 (9) Å] are observed.

Experimental

The title compound was obtained unexpectedly during our attempt to prepare a Ir^{III} complex with 5,6-diphenyl-3-(2-pyridyl)-1,2,4-triazine. A mixture of 5,6-diphenyl-3-(2-pyridyl)- 1,2,4-triazine (0.310 g, 1.0 mmol) and IrCl₃ (0.298 g, 1.0 mmol) in acetonitrile (20 ml) was refluxed for 2 h. The resulting dark-red solution was filtered and left to evaporate slowly at room temperature. Orange crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained after a few days.

Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$. The crystal was twinned and for a successful refinement the twin law (1 0 0/0 – 1 0/-2 0 – 1) was applied. The ratio of the twin components refined to 0.726 (1)/0.274 (1).

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atomic numbering.



Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed approximately along the a axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

5,6-Diphenyl-3-(2-pyridyl)-1,2,4-triazine

Crystal data	
$C_{20}H_{14}N_4$	$F_{000} = 648$
$M_r = 310.35$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.342 \ {\rm Mg \ m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2yb	Cell parameters from 4476 reflections
<i>a</i> = 5.9729 (2) Å	$\theta = 1.1 - 30.0^{\circ}$
<i>b</i> = 13.5580 (4) Å	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 19.8855 (6) Å	T = 100.0 (1) K
$\beta = 107.438 \ (1)^{\circ}$	Block, orange
$V = 1536.33 (8) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.57\times0.16\times0.16\ mm$
Z = 4	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX II CCD area-detector diffractometer	4476 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	4101 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.040$
Detector resolution: 8.33 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.0^{\circ}$
T = 100.0(1) K	$\theta_{\min} = 1.1^{\circ}$
ω scans	$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$k = -19 \rightarrow 19$

sup-3

$T_{\min} = 0.954, \ T_{\max} = 0.987$	$l = -27 \rightarrow 27$
38187 measured reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.117$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0596P)^2 + 0.4643P]$ where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.06	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
4476 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.34 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
218 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.38 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct	Extinction correction: none

methods

Special details

Experimental. The low-temparture data was collected with the Oxford Cyrosystem Cobra low-temperature attachment.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2$ sigma(F^2) is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F² are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\dot{A}^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
N1	0.0885 (2)	0.63510 (9)	0.19330 (6)	0.0209 (2)
N2	0.2552 (2)	0.69821 (9)	0.18859 (6)	0.0196 (2)
N3	-0.1071 (2)	0.65178 (9)	0.07043 (6)	0.0200 (2)
N4	-0.2802 (3)	0.52978 (13)	0.21111 (8)	0.0375 (4)
C1	-0.0899 (2)	0.61748 (10)	0.13517 (8)	0.0190 (3)
C2	0.2460 (2)	0.73841 (9)	0.12619 (7)	0.0170 (3)
C3	0.0653 (2)	0.71036 (10)	0.06486 (7)	0.0174 (3)
C4	-0.2826 (2)	0.55369 (10)	0.14390 (8)	0.0195 (3)
C5	-0.4601 (3)	0.47228 (15)	0.21788 (10)	0.0378 (4)
H5	-0.4614	0.4535	0.2628	0.045*
C6	-0.6398 (3)	0.44113 (11)	0.16042 (10)	0.0304 (4)
Н6	-0.7617	0.4026	0.1661	0.036*
C7	-0.6335 (3)	0.46882 (15)	0.09450 (10)	0.0373 (4)
H7	-0.7528	0.4481	0.0551	0.045*
C8	-0.4566 (3)	0.52592 (13)	0.08537 (8)	0.0287 (3)

H8	-0.4550	0.5452	0.0406	0.034*
C9	0.4333 (3)	0.81146 (10)	0.12891 (7)	0.0183 (3)
C10	0.6530 (3)	0.79836 (10)	0.17869 (8)	0.0197 (3)
H10	0.6800	0.7434	0.2080	0.024*
C11	0.8312 (3)	0.86651 (11)	0.18478 (9)	0.0262 (3)
H11	0.9775	0.8565	0.2175	0.031*
C12	0.7913 (3)	0.94958 (12)	0.14202 (10)	0.0314 (3)
H12	0.9112	0.9949	0.1457	0.038*
C13	0.5719 (3)	0.96479 (11)	0.09374 (9)	0.0291 (3)
H13	0.5441	1.0213	0.0659	0.035*
C14	0.3935 (3)	0.89615 (11)	0.08669 (8)	0.0231 (3)
H14	0.2475	0.9065	0.0539	0.028*
C15	0.0542 (2)	0.74154 (10)	-0.00777 (7)	0.0177 (3)
C16	0.2385 (3)	0.72039 (11)	-0.03508 (8)	0.0217 (3)
H16	0.3721	0.6883	-0.0075	0.026*
C17	0.2210 (3)	0.74768 (11)	-0.10402 (8)	0.0238 (3)
H17	0.3423	0.7328	-0.1227	0.029*
C18	0.0233 (3)	0.79704 (11)	-0.14501 (8)	0.0239 (3)
H18	0.0135	0.8160	-0.1908	0.029*
C19	-0.1599 (3)	0.81814 (12)	-0.11768 (8)	0.0257 (3)
H19	-0.2919	0.8515	-0.1450	0.031*
C20	-0.1459 (3)	0.78941 (11)	-0.04947 (8)	0.0225 (3)
H20	-0.2701	0.8021	-0.0316	0.027*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0226 (6)	0.0209 (5)	0.0229 (6)	0.0003 (5)	0.0121 (5)	0.0018 (5)
N2	0.0201 (6)	0.0209 (5)	0.0195 (5)	0.0005 (5)	0.0084 (5)	0.0008 (4)
N3	0.0193 (6)	0.0187 (5)	0.0230 (6)	-0.0011 (5)	0.0082 (5)	-0.0008 (4)
N4	0.0257 (7)	0.0520 (9)	0.0347 (8)	0.0001 (7)	0.0088 (6)	0.0220 (7)
C1	0.0205 (6)	0.0157 (6)	0.0245 (7)	0.0009 (5)	0.0124 (5)	-0.0002 (5)
C2	0.0183 (6)	0.0168 (6)	0.0178 (6)	0.0014 (5)	0.0084 (5)	-0.0014 (5)
C3	0.0183 (6)	0.0171 (6)	0.0181 (6)	0.0007 (5)	0.0078 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C4	0.0198 (6)	0.0158 (6)	0.0262 (7)	0.0006 (5)	0.0116 (6)	0.0006 (5)
C5	0.0262 (8)	0.0565 (11)	0.0338 (9)	0.0057 (8)	0.0136 (7)	0.0265 (8)
C6	0.0296 (8)	0.0179 (7)	0.0505 (10)	-0.0031 (6)	0.0226 (8)	0.0000 (6)
C7	0.0288 (8)	0.0528 (11)	0.0334 (9)	-0.0189 (8)	0.0142 (7)	-0.0218 (8)
C8	0.0295 (8)	0.0419 (9)	0.0192 (6)	-0.0180 (7)	0.0142 (6)	-0.0141 (6)
C9	0.0216 (7)	0.0177 (6)	0.0175 (6)	-0.0016 (5)	0.0091 (5)	-0.0033 (5)
C10	0.0207 (6)	0.0173 (6)	0.0226 (7)	0.0006 (5)	0.0086 (5)	-0.0031 (5)
C11	0.0196 (7)	0.0234 (7)	0.0358 (8)	-0.0018 (5)	0.0085 (6)	-0.0058 (6)
C12	0.0282 (8)	0.0223 (7)	0.0465 (10)	-0.0077 (6)	0.0157 (8)	-0.0033 (6)
C13	0.0396 (9)	0.0193 (7)	0.0306 (8)	-0.0047 (6)	0.0137 (7)	0.0009 (6)
C14	0.0279 (7)	0.0212 (6)	0.0197 (6)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0064 (6)	-0.0006 (5)
C15	0.0190 (6)	0.0182 (6)	0.0161 (6)	-0.0030 (5)	0.0056 (5)	-0.0008 (5)
C16	0.0205 (7)	0.0254 (7)	0.0194 (6)	0.0009 (5)	0.0066 (5)	0.0004 (5)
C17	0.0252 (7)	0.0284 (7)	0.0198 (7)	-0.0034 (6)	0.0100 (6)	-0.0019 (5)

C18	0.0283 (8)	0.0254 (7)	0.0171 (6)	-0.0071 (6)	0.0057 (6)	0.0009 (5)
C19	0.0221 (7)	0.0281 (7)	0.0237 (7)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0020 (6)	0.0050 (6)
C20	0.0184 (6)	0.0263 (7)	0.0231 (7)	-0.0006 (5)	0.0067 (5)	0.0021 (5)
Geometric pa	arameters (Å, °)					
N1—N2		1.3376 (17)	C10-	C11	1.3	87 (2)
N1-C1		1.3381 (19)	C10-	-H10	0.9	03
N2—C2		1.3413 (18)	C11-	C12	1.3	(2)
N3—C3		1.3311 (18)	C11-	-H11	0.9	13
N3—C1		1.3434 (18)	C12-	C13	1.3	(3)
N4—C5		1.367 (2)	C12-	-H12	0.9	13
N4—C4		1.3711 (19)	C13-	C14	1.3	90 (2)
C1—C4		1.4909 (19)	C13-	-H13	0.9	13
C2—C3		1.4169 (19)	C14-	-H14	0.9	13
С2—С9		1.4828 (19)	C15-	C20	1.3	94 (2)
C3—C15		1.4872 (18)	C15-	C16	1.3	96 (2)
C4—C8		1.361 (2)	C16-	C17	1.3	93 (2)
C5—C6		1.379 (3)	C16-	-H16	0.9	13
С5—Н5		0.93	C17-	C18	1.3	89 (2)
C6—C7		1.375 (3)	C17-	-H17	0.9	13
С6—Н6		0.93	C18-	C19	1.3	90 (2)
С7—С8		1.365 (2)	C18-	-H18	0.9	13
С7—Н7		0.93	C19-	C20	1.3	89 (2)
C8—H8		0.93	C19-	-H19	0.9	13
C9—C10		1.398 (2)	C20-	-H20	0.9	13
C9—C14		1.4001 (19)				
N2—N1—C1		118.07 (12)	C11-	—С10—Н10	11	9.7
N1—N2—C2		119.98 (12)	С9—	-C10—H10	11	Э.7
C3—N3—C1		116.59 (12)	C10-	C11C12	12	0.03 (15)
C5—N4—C4		116.87 (15)	C10-	C11H11	12	0.0
N1-C1-N3		125.34 (13)	C12-	C11H11	12	0.0
N1-C1-C4		116.46 (12)	C11-	C12C13	119	9.83 (15)
N3-C1-C4		118.20 (13)	C11-		12	0.1
N2-C2-C3		119.79 (12)	C13-	C12H12	12	0.1
N2—C2—C9		114.59 (12)	C12-	C13C14	12	0.44 (15)
С3—С2—С9		125.62 (12)	C12-	—С13—Н13	119	9.8
N3—C3—C2		119.81 (12)	C14-	—С13—Н13	119) .8
N3-C3-C1	5	116.10 (12)	C13-	—С14—С9	12	0.09 (15)
C2—C3—C1	5	124.09 (12)	C13-	C14H14	12	0.0
C8—C4—N4		123.42 (14)	С9—	-C14H14	12	0.0
C8—C4—C1		118.63 (13)	C20-	C15C16	12	0.00 (13)
N4-C4-C1		117.88 (14)	C20-	C15C3	119	9.41 (13)
N4—C5—C6		122.22 (15)	C16-	C15C3	12	0.56 (13)
N4—C5—H5		118.9	C17-		119	9.53 (14)
С6—С5—Н5		118.9	C17-		12	0.2
C7—C6—C5		117.99 (15)	C15-		12	0.2
С7—С6—Н6		121.0	C18-	C17C16	12	0.34 (14)
С5—С6—Н6		121.0	C18-	—С17—Н17	119) .8

C8—C7—C6	121.68 (16)	С16—С17—Н17	119.8
С8—С7—Н7	119.2	C17—C18—C19	120.02 (14)
С6—С7—Н7	119.2	C17—C18—H18	120.0
C4—C8—C7	117.79 (15)	C19—C18—H18	120.0
С4—С8—Н8	121.1	C20—C19—C18	119.99 (15)
С7—С8—Н8	121.1	С20—С19—Н19	120.0
C10-C9-C14	118.90 (13)	С18—С19—Н19	120.0
C10—C9—C2	118.61 (12)	C19—C20—C15	120.10 (14)
C14—C9—C2	122.36 (13)	С19—С20—Н20	119.9
C11—C10—C9	120.68 (13)	C15—C20—H20	119.9
C1—N1—N2—C2	-2.93 (19)	N2-C2-C9-C10	32.21 (17)
N2—N1—C1—N3	5.8 (2)	C3—C2—C9—C10	-148.35 (14)
N2—N1—C1—C4	-174.83 (11)	N2-C2-C9-C14	-143.56 (14)
C3—N3—C1—N1	-2.1 (2)	C3—C2—C9—C14	35.9 (2)
C3—N3—C1—C4	178.48 (11)	C14—C9—C10—C11	-1.9 (2)
N1—N2—C2—C3	-2.89 (19)	C2-C9-C10-C11	-177.85 (13)
N1—N2—C2—C9	176.59 (11)	C9-C10-C11-C12	1.1 (2)
C1—N3—C3—C2	-4.02 (19)	C10-C11-C12-C13	0.7 (2)
C1—N3—C3—C15	175.40 (12)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-1.6 (3)
N2—C2—C3—N3	6.56 (19)	C12—C13—C14—C9	0.7 (2)
C9—C2—C3—N3	-172.86 (12)	C10-C9-C14-C13	1.1 (2)
N2—C2—C3—C15	-172.81 (13)	C2-C9-C14-C13	176.81 (13)
C9—C2—C3—C15	7.8 (2)	N3-C3-C15-C20	56.18 (18)
C5—N4—C4—C8	2.2 (2)	C2-C3-C15-C20	-124.42 (15)
C5—N4—C4—C1	179.20 (14)	N3-C3-C15-C16	-121.70 (14)
N1-C1-C4-C8	-173.80 (14)	C2-C3-C15-C16	57.69 (19)
N3—C1—C4—C8	5.7 (2)	C20-C15-C16-C17	0.2 (2)
N1—C1—C4—N4	9.06 (19)	C3—C15—C16—C17	178.04 (14)
N3—C1—C4—N4	-171.47 (14)	C15-C16-C17-C18	1.1 (2)
C4—N4—C5—C6	-1.5 (3)	C16-C17-C18-C19	-1.0 (2)
N4—C5—C6—C7	0.6 (3)	C17—C18—C19—C20	-0.3 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.4 (3)	C18-C19-C20-C15	1.6 (2)
N4—C4—C8—C7	-2.0 (3)	C16-C15-C20-C19	-1.5 (2)
C1—C4—C8—C7	-178.98 (15)	C3—C15—C20—C19	-179.37 (13)
C6—C7—C8—C4	1.1 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D -\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		
C18—H18···N1 ⁱ	0.93	2.56	3.477 (2)	167		
C5—H5···Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.63	3.522 (2)	160		
Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$; (ii) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.						



Fig. 1



